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Public Istanbul
Spaces and Spheres of the Urban

[transcript]
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Since ancient times, Istanbul has been on the European continent. In the 20th century, processes marked the metropolis. As a result, from the 1950's to the end of the 20th century, the official population of 12 million, with in the Bosporus. In spite of master plans to control growth is spontaneous and informal. As a production and service city, the metropolis is a subject of global competition. The simultaneous construction has affected the development of urban space, cultural conflicts about the city are manifested and materialized.

In contemporary social and cultural science, space is conceived as an objective or static container of complex analytic category. Cities as combinations of localized places, institutions and narratives. Urban space is analyzed based on spatial structures and space of places are continuously (re)constructed in everyday practices. In this sense, the place - is a central characteristic of urban place - a heterogeneous space of negotiation, multitude.

In the first decade of the 21st century, European Union, Istanbul is a place of change.