# CONTENTS

## List of Tables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List of Tables</th>
<th>page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acknowledgments</td>
<td>xi</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## INTRODUCTION

1. Early Modern States: Four Types                   | 1     |
2. Competing Explanations                            | 6     |
3. Explaining Variations in Early Modern States:    | 10    |
4. The Argument                                      | 19    |

## THE ORIGINS OF PATRIMONIAL ABSOLUTISM IN LATIN EUROPE

1. The Late Roman Empire and Early State Formation in Visigoth Spain, Lombard Italy, and Merovingian and Carolingian Gaul | 35 |
2. Economic and Ecclesiastical Renewal and the Rebirth of Royal Power in Latin Europe | 37 |
3. Early Geopolitical Competition, Representative Assemblies, and the Creation of Systems of National Taxation | 48 |
4. The Impact of War and Taxes on Finance and Administration: The Beginnings of Patrimonial Absolutism | 59 |
5. Conclusion                                        | 74    |

## THE TRIUMPH OF PATRIMONIAL ABSOLUTISM AND THE FAILURE OF REFORM IN LATIN EUROPE, c. 1500–1789

1. War and the Triumph of Patrimonial Absolutism in France, 1494–1659 | 90 |
2. Patrimonial Absolutism in Iberia and Italy, 1492–1789 | 91 |
3. The “Reform” of Patrimonial Absolutism Under Colbert and Louis XIV, 1660–1714 | 110 |
4. Conclusion | 125 |
# 4. BUREAUCRATIC CONSTITUTIONALISM IN BRITAIN

- Unencumbered State Formation, Early Geopolitical Pressure, and a Precocious Attempt at Shared Rule, c. 400-1453
- Deepening Patrimonialism and Its Temporary Demise, 1453-1659
- The Restoration and the English “Revolution in Government,” 1660-1688
- The Consolidation of the New British State After 1689

# 5. BUREAUCRATIC ABSOLUTISM IN GERMANY

- Failed Dark Age Statebuilding, Empire, and the Emergence of Territorial States in Germany, 511-c. 1450
- Representative Institutions, Geopolitical Competition, and the Consolidation of Bureaucratic Absolutism in the German Territorial States, c. 1450-1789
- The Limits and Contradictions of Bureaucratic Absolutism: The Case of Brandenburg-Prussia

# 6. THE TRIUMPH OF PATRIMONIAL CONSTITUTIONALISM IN HUNGARY AND POLAND AND ITS PREMATURE DEMISE IN SCANDINAVIA

- Unencumbered State Formation and the Consolidation of Local Elite Self-Government in Hungary and Poland, c. 1000-1387
- The Advent of Sustained Geopolitical Competition and the Triumph of Patrimonial Constitutionalism in Hungary and Poland, 1387-1648
- Internal and External Threats to Patrimonial Constitutionalism in Hungary and Poland, 1648-1795
- Abortive Patrimonial Constitutionalism in Scandinavia
7. CONCLUSION