

CONSTITUTIONAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

Sixteenth edition

A W Bradley MA, LL.M, LL.D, QC (Hon)

Emeritus Professor of Constitutional Law,
University of Edinburgh; Barrister, of the Inner Temple;
Institute of European and Comparative Law,
University of Oxford

K D Ewing LLB, PhD

Professor of Public Law, King's College, London

C J S Knight MA, BCL

Barrister, of the Inner Temple

PEARSON

Harlow, England • London • New York • Boston • San Francisco • Toronto • Sydney • Auckland • Singapore • Hong Kong
Tokyo • Seoul • Taipei • New Delhi • Cape Town • São Paulo • Mexico City • Madrid • Amsterdam • Munich • Paris • Milan

BRIEF CONTENTS

<i>Preface</i>	xiii
<i>Table of legislation</i>	xv
<i>Table of cases</i>	xxix
<i>Abbreviations</i>	lxvii

PART I

Sources, structure and principles	1
1 Constitutional law – its meaning and sources	3
2 The structure of the United Kingdom	30
3 Parliamentary supremacy	45
4 The rule of law	75
5 Responsible and accountable government	95
6 United Kingdom and the European Union	111

PART II

The institutions of government	145
7 Composition of Parliament	147
8 Role of Parliament	185
9 Privileges of Parliament	217
10 The Crown and royal prerogative	237
11 Cabinet, government departments and civil service	269
12 Public bodies and public appointments	300
13 Courts and the administration of justice	322

PART III

Personal liberty and human rights	355
14 Human Rights Act	357
15 Right to liberty and police powers	388
16 Right to privacy and surveillance powers	418
17 Right to freedom of expression	448
18 Freedom of association and assembly	478
19 State security and official secrets	507
20 Special and emergency powers	537

PART IV

Administrative law	567
21 What is administrative law?	569
22 Delegated legislation	581
23 Administrative justice	600
24 Judicial review I: the grounds of review	629
25 Judicial review II: procedure and remedies	668
26 Liability of public authorities	695
<i>Bibliography</i>	731
<i>Index</i>	739