Contents

List of contributors xvii

Preface xxv

1 Introduction
   Gary Gibbons and Paul Shellard 1
   1.1 Popular symposium 2
   1.2 Spacetime singularities 3
   1.3 Black holes 4
   1.4 Hawking radiation 5
   1.5 Quantum gravity 6
   1.6 M theory and beyond 7
   1.7 De Sitter space 8
   1.8 Quantum cosmology 9
   1.9 Cosmology 9
   1.10 Postscript 10

Part 1 Popular symposium 15

2 Our complex cosmos and its future
   Martin Rees 17
   2.1 Introduction 17
   2.2 The universe observed 17
   2.3 Cosmic microwave background radiation 22
   2.4 The origin of large-scale structure 24
   2.5 The fate of the universe 26
   2.6 The very early universe 30
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>Multiverse?</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>The future of cosmology</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Theories of everything and Hawking's wave function of the universe</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>Introduction</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>Different things fall with the same acceleration in a gravitational field</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>The fundamental laws of physics</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>Quantum mechanics</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>A theory of everything is not a theory of everything</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>Reduction</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.7</td>
<td>The main points again</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>References</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>The problem of spacetime singularities: implications for quantum gravity?</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>Introduction</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>Why quantum gravity?</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>The importance of singularities</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>Entropy</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>Hawking radiation and information loss</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.6</td>
<td>The measurement paradox</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>Testing quantum gravity?</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Useful references for further reading</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Warping spacetime</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>Introduction</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>A first glimpse of the Golden Age: 1964–74</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>LISA: mapping black holes with gravitational waves</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>The Golden Age again: colliding black holes</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>LIGO/VIRGO/GEO: probing colliding black holes with gravitational waves</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.6</td>
<td>Quantum behavior of human-sized objects</td>
<td>92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>Probing the big bang with gravitational waves</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>Cosmic censorship: betting with Stephen</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>Time travel</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Useful references for further reading</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6 Sixty years in a nutshell
Stephen Hawking

6.1 Introduction 105
6.2 How it began 105
6.3 General relativity and cosmology 106
6.4 Mach's principle and Wheeler–Feynman electrodynamics 107
6.5 The steady state 109
6.6 Gravity and the expanding universe 110
6.7 Collapsing stars 111
6.8 Hawking radiation 112
6.9 Inflation 114
6.10 M theory and the future 115
6.11 Conclusion 117

Part 2 Spacetime singularities 119

7 Cosmological perturbations and singularities
George Ellis

7.1 Introduction 121
Part A: Cosmological perturbations 122
7.2 Fluids and scalar fields 122
7.3 Cosmic background radiation 130
7.4 Issues 135
Part B: Cosmological singularities 138
7.5 Analytic direct approach 139
7.6 Indirect method 141
7.7 Issues 143
7.8 Conclusion 153
References 153

8 The quantum physics of chronology protection
Matt Visser

8.1 Why is chronology protection even an issue? 161
8.2 Paradoxes and responses 163
8.3 Elements of chronology protection 165
8.4 Semiclassical arguments 167
8.5 The failure of semiclassical gravity 169
8.6 Where we stand 171
References 173

9 Energy dominance and the Hawking–Ellis vacuum
conservation theorem
Brandon Carter 177
9.1 Introduction 177
9.2 The energy dominance condition 179
9.3 The vacuum conservation theorem 181
References 183

10 On the instability of extra space dimensions
Roger Penrose 185
10.1 The issue of functional freedom 185
10.2 Functional freedom in higher-dimensional theories 189
10.3 Classical instability of extra dimensions 195
10.4 The holographic conjecture 198
References 200

Part 3 Black holes 203

11 Black hole uniqueness and the inner horizon stability problem
Werner Israel 205
11.1 Introduction 205
11.2 The trailblazers: Moscow 1964 206
11.3 Cambridge 1965–71 207
11.4 Descent into the interior 209
11.5 Internal evolution problem 210
11.6 Spherical models 212
11.7 The generic case 214
11.8 Conclusions 215
11.9 Acknowledgements 215
References 215

12 Black holes in the real universe and their prospects as probes of relativistic gravity
Martin Rees 217
12.1 Introduction 217
12.2 Stellar mass holes 218
12.3 Supermassive holes 219
12.4 Scenarios for black hole formation 220
12.5 The galactic context 222
12.6 Do the candidate holes obey the Kerr metric? 224
12.7 Gravitational radiation as a probe 230
Contents

References

13 Primordial black holes
    Bernard Carr

13.1 Preface
13.2 Historical overview
13.3 PBHs as a probe of primordial inhomogeneities
13.4 PBHs as a probe of cosmological phase transitions
13.5 PBHs as a probe of a varying gravitational constant
13.6 PBHs as a probe of gravitational collapse
13.7 PBHs as a probe of high energy physics
13.8 Postscript

References

14 Black hole pair creation
    Simon Ross

14.1 Introduction
14.2 Constructing instantons: the C metric
14.3 Calculation of the action
14.4 Pair creation rate

References

15 Black holes at accelerators
    Steve Giddings

15.1 Introduction
15.2 TeV-scale gravity
15.3 Black holes on brane worlds
15.4 Black hole decay and signatures
15.5 The future of high energy physics

References

Part 4 Hawking radiation

16 Black holes and string theory
    Malcolm Perry

References

17 M theory and black hole quantum mechanics
    Joe Polchinski

17.1 A story
17.2 ‘Finding Stephen’s mistake’
17.3 The strong interaction and black holes

References
## References

308

### 18 Playing with black strings

**Gary Horowitz**

- Introduction
- Existence of new (vacuum) solutions
- Properties of the new solutions
- New charged black strings
- Open questions
- Conclusions

**References**

328

### 19 Twenty years of debate with Stephen

**Leonard Susskind**

- Crisis and paradigm shift
- Stephen’s argument for coherence loss
- Horizon Complementarity
- The Holographic Principle
- The ultraviolet/infrared connection
- Counting black hole microstates
- De Sitter space
- Correlations in finite entropy systems

**References**

345

### Part 5 Quantum gravity

349

### 20 Euclidean quantum gravity: the view from 2002

**Gary Gibbons**

- Introduction
- Some historical recollections
- The path integral
- The AdS/CFT correspondence
- The volume canonical ensemble
- Hyperbolic 4-manifolds
- Action and complexity
- Euclides ab omni naevo vindicatus?

**References**

370

### 21 Zeta functions, anomalies and stable branes

**Ian Moss**

- Introduction

373
### Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>21.2</td>
<td>ζ-functions</td>
<td>374</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.3</td>
<td>Heat kernel coefficients</td>
<td>375</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.4</td>
<td>Anomalies</td>
<td>377</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.5</td>
<td>Brane worlds</td>
<td>378</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.6</td>
<td>Outlook</td>
<td>381</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>References</td>
<td>382</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Some reflections on the status of conventional quantum theory when applied to quantum gravity</td>
<td>384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chris Isham</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.1</td>
<td>Introduction</td>
<td>384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.2</td>
<td>The danger of a priori assumptions</td>
<td>386</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.3</td>
<td>Alternative conceptions of spacetime</td>
<td>393</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.4</td>
<td>Presheaves and related notions from topos theory</td>
<td>396</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.5</td>
<td>Presheaves of propositions, and valuations in quantum theory</td>
<td>401</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.6</td>
<td>Conclusions</td>
<td>405</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>References</td>
<td>406</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Quantum geometry and its ramifications</td>
<td>409</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Abhay Ashtekar</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23.1</td>
<td>Introduction</td>
<td>409</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23.2</td>
<td>A bird’s eye view of loop quantum gravity</td>
<td>411</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23.3</td>
<td>Applications of quantum geometry</td>
<td>420</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23.4</td>
<td>Outlook</td>
<td>428</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>References</td>
<td>431</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Topology change in quantum gravity</td>
<td>436</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fay Dowker</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.1</td>
<td>Introduction</td>
<td>436</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.2</td>
<td>A top down framework for topology change</td>
<td>437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.3</td>
<td>Morse metrics and elementary topology changes</td>
<td>439</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.4</td>
<td>Good and bad topology change</td>
<td>441</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.5</td>
<td>Progress on the Borde–Sorkin conjecture</td>
<td>443</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.6</td>
<td>Looking to the future</td>
<td>445</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>References</td>
<td>449</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>The past and future of string theory</td>
<td>455</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Edward Witten</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>String theory</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Part 6 M theory and beyond

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>The past and future of string theory</td>
<td>455</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>String theory</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Contents

**David Gross**

26.1 Motivations for quantum gravity 463
26.2 The achievements of string theory 466
26.3 The future of string theory 470

**27 A brief description of string theory**

*Michael Green*

27.1 Introduction 473
27.2 Historical background 474
27.3 String theory today 477
27.4 Duality and M theory 481
27.5 Future perspective 482

**28 The story of M**

*Paul Townsend*

28.1 Introduction 484
28.2 The supermembrane 485
28.3 Backgrounds of reduced holonomy 488
28.4 The sigma model limit 490

*References* 492

**29 Gauged supergravity and holographic field theory**

*Nick Warner*

29.1 Gauged supergravity and a thesis project 494
29.2 The ups and downs of maximal gauged supergravity 496
29.3 Exploring higher dimensions 498
29.4 Holographic field theory and AdS/CFT correspondence 501
29.5 Bulk gravity and brane renormalization: where are the branes? 503
29.6 Holographic renormalization group flows: an example 506
29.7 Final comments 511

*References* 512

**30 57 Varieties in a NUTshell**

*Chris Pope*

30.1 Introduction 515
30.2 Four-dimensional self-dual metrics 516
30.3 Non-compact self-dual 4-metrics 517
30.4 Compact self-dual 4-metrics: K3 521
30.5 Special holonomy in higher dimensions 524
30.6 Ricci-flat Kähler 6-metrics and the conifold 525
30.7 Seven-dimensional metrics of $G_2$ holonomy 528
30.8 Spin(7) holonomy  532
30.9 Conclusion  533
References  534

Part 7 De Sitter space  537

31 Adventures in de Sitter space
Raphael Bousso  539
31.1 Introduction  539
31.2 De Sitter space  541
31.3 Entropy and temperature of event horizons  543
31.4 Entropy bounds from horizons  545
31.5 Absolute entropy bounds in spacetimes with $\Lambda > 0$  548
31.6 Quantum gravity in de Sitter space  555
31.7 Instabilities of the Nariai solution  559

32 De Sitter space in non-critical string theory
Andrew Strominger with Alexander Maloney and Eva Silverstein  570
32.1 Introduction  570
32.2 De Sitter compactifications of super-critical string theory  573
32.3 Metastability of the De Sitter vacuum  580
References  589

33 Supergravity, M theory and cosmology
Renata Kallosh  592
33.1 Introduction  592
33.2 Extended supergravities with dS vacua  596
33.3 Hybrid inflation with D-branes  599
33.4 M theory on a four-fold with G-fluxes  606
References  609

Part 8 Quantum cosmology  613

34 The state of the universe
James Hartle  615
34.1 Introduction  615
34.2 Final theories  616
34.3 Effective theories  617
34.4 Directions  619
References  620
35 Quantum cosmology

Don Page

35.1 Motivation for a quantum state of the cosmos 621
35.2 The Hartle-Hawking proposal for the quantum state 622
35.3 Zero-loop quantum cosmology and FRW-scalar models 624
35.4 Real classical solutions for the FRW-scalar model 627
35.5 Complex classical solutions for the FRW-scalar model 629
35.6 FRW-scalar models with an exponential potential 632
35.7 Summary 646
References 647

36 Quantum cosmology and eternal inflation

Alexander Vilenkin

36.1 Introduction 649
36.2 Quantum cosmology 650
36.3 The tunnelling wave function 651
36.4 Alternative proposals for the wave function 655
36.5 Semiclassical probabilities 657
36.6 Comparing different wave functions 658
36.7 Do we need quantum cosmology? 660
36.8 Is quantum cosmology testable? 661
References 663

37 Probability in the deterministic theory known as quantum mechanics

Bryce DeWitt

37.1 Quantum measurement 667
37.2 Reality 668
37.3 Signalling by permutations 669
37.4 Equal likelihood 671
37.5 The case of degeneracy 672
37.6 Unequal probabilities 673

38 The interpretation of quantum cosmology and the problem of time

Jonathan Halliwell

38.1 Introduction 675
38.2 The classical case 678
38.3 The decoherent histories approach to quantum theory 684
38.4 The induced inner product 685
38.5 The class operators 686
38.6 Decoherence and the decoherence functional 688
### 39 What local supersymmetry can do for quantum cosmology
*Peter D’Eath*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>39.1 Introduction</td>
<td>693</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39.2 No-boundary state</td>
<td>698</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39.3 The classical Riemannian boundary-value problem</td>
<td>699</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39.4 Self-duality</td>
<td>703</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39.5 Canonical quantum theory of N=1 supergravity: ‘traditional variables’</td>
<td>709</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39.6 Canonical quantization of N=1 supergravity: Ashtekar–Jacobson variables</td>
<td>715</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39.7 Comments</td>
<td>717</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*References* 717

### Part 9 Cosmology

#### 40 Inflation and cosmological perturbations
*Alan Guth*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>40.1 The origin of inflationary fluctuations</td>
<td>725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40.2 The 1982 Nuffield workshop</td>
<td>729</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40.3 Observational evidence for inflation</td>
<td>735</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40.4 Eternal inflation</td>
<td>740</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40.5 A new singularity theorem</td>
<td>743</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40.6 The origin of the universe</td>
<td>750</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*References* 750

#### 41 The future of cosmology: observational and computational prospects
*Paul Shellard*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>41.1 Empirical cosmology</td>
<td>755</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41.2 The cosmic microwave sky</td>
<td>756</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41.3 Cosmological perturbations and cosmic concordance?</td>
<td>761</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41.4 Critical observational tests</td>
<td>769</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41.5 Primordial gravitational waves</td>
<td>772</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41.6 Computational prospects</td>
<td>773</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41.7 Afterword</td>
<td>776</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*References* 777
## Contents

42 **The ekpyrotic universe and its cyclic extension**  
*Neil Turok*  
781

42.1 Introduction  
781
42.2 Homage to the Ancients  
783
42.3 The ekpyrotic universe model  
784
42.4 The main problem  
786
42.5 Flatness  
788
42.6 Density perturbations  
788
42.7 Brane collisions  
790
42.8 The inter-brane potential  
793
42.9 The cyclic universe  
793
42.10 Back to the singularity  
794
42.11 Conclusions  
798

*References*  
798

43 **Inflationary theory versus the ekpyrotic/cyclic scenario**  
*Andrei Linde*  
801

43.1 Introduction  
801
43.2 Chaotic inflation  
803
43.3 Hybrid inflation  
806
43.4 Quantum fluctuations and density perturbations  
807
43.5 From the Big Bang to eternal inflation  
809
43.6 Inflation and observations  
811
43.7 Alternatives to inflation?  
812
43.8 Ekpyrosis  
814
43.9 Cyclic universe  
819
43.10 Conclusions  
830

*References*  
833

44 **Brane (new) worlds**  
*Pierre Binétruy*  
839

44.1 Why study brane cosmology?  
839
44.2 Life on the brane  
841
44.3 AdS/CFT correspondence  
845
44.4 Moduli fields. Moduli space approximation  
846
44.5 Cosmological constant  
848
44.6 Bulk scalars  
851
44.7 Infinite dimensions  
853
44.8 Open problems  
855

*References*  
856

45 **Publications of Stephen Hawking**  
860

*Index*  
873